

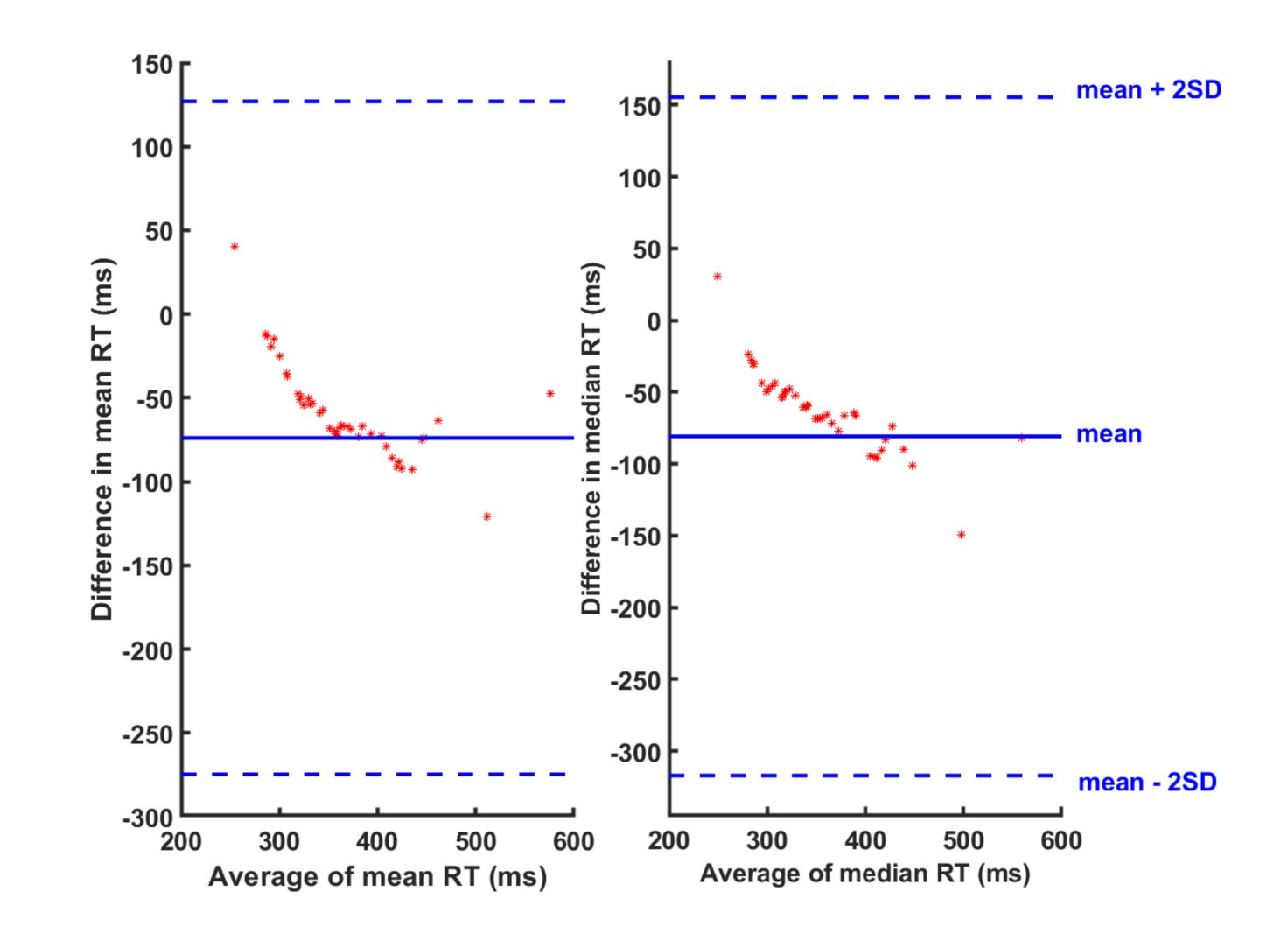
Novel touchscreen psychomotor vigilance task for rapid evaluation of alertness at home environment

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Introduction

- The psychomotor vigilance task (PVT) is a standard test (PVT_{stand}) measuring the vigilance of an individual to a particular stimulus [1].
- Only a few PVTs are available on mobile devices and usually lack comprehensive validation [2].



Therefore, an easily available and quick PVT test would facilitate the detection of impaired vigilance in individuals through any touchscreen device.

Aim:

To validate the readily available three-minute PVT (PVT_{SR}) delivered through digital means, more specifically, a mobile application accessible through any touchscreen mobile device.

Methods

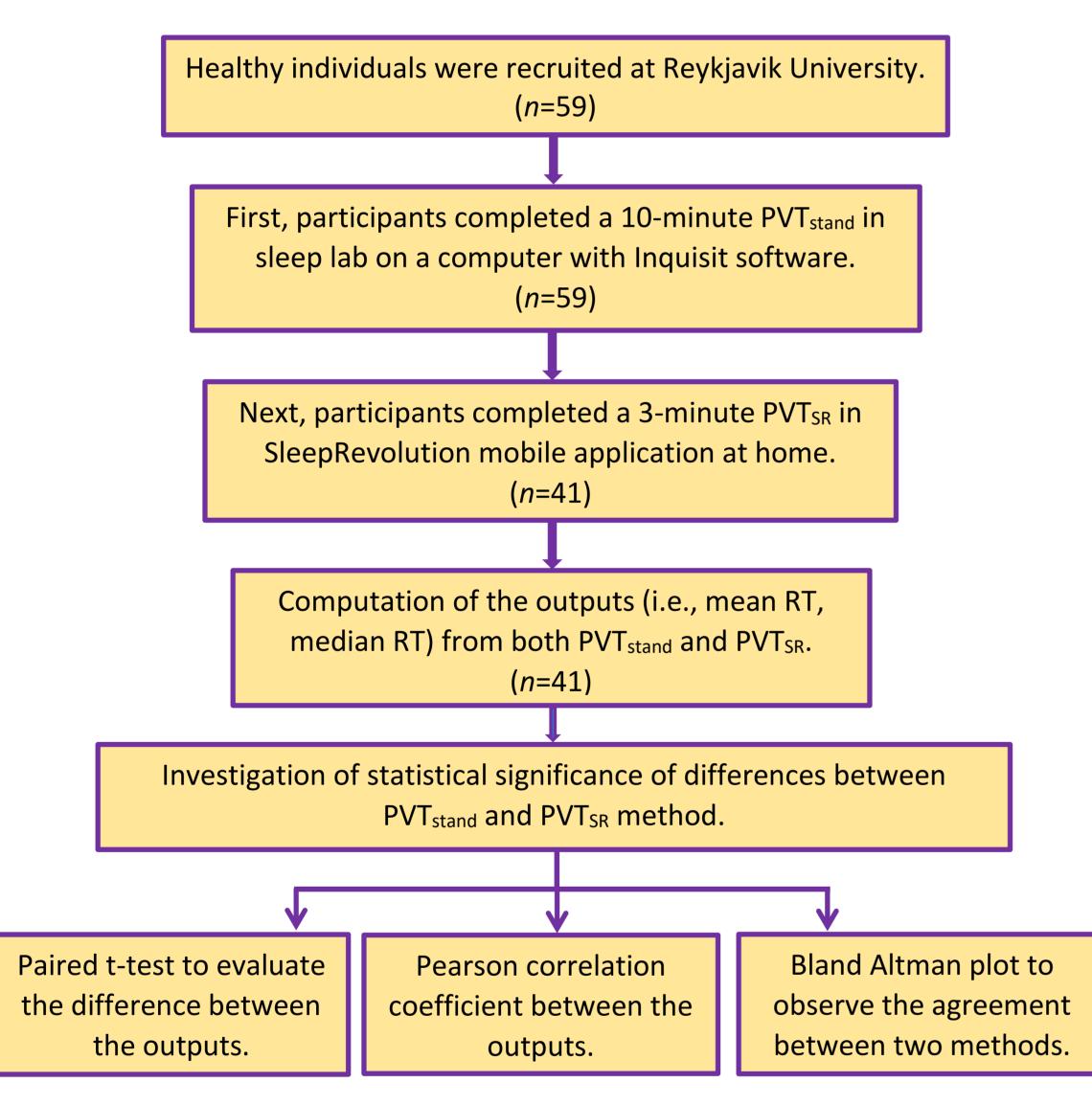


Figure2: Bland Altman plot for both PVT tests. **Conclusion**

- The PVT_{SR} had a high correlation to PVT_{stand}.
- The Bland-Altman showed good agreement between the two methods.
- Mean and median RTs determined based on PVT_{SR} were systematically higher than those determined

Figure1: Flowchart of the study; RT: reaction time. **Results**

Table1: The results from PVT_{stand} and PVT_{SR}

Parameters	PVT _{stand}	PVT _{SR}			Pearson	
					Correlation	
	median [iqr]	SD	median [iqr]	SD	r [95 % Cl]	
Mean RT (ms)	322.07 [296.95-372.36]	92.98	394.86* [346.71-459.63]	188.75	0.96 [0.92-0.98]	<0.0001
Median RT (ms)	314.50 [287.50-358.63]	76.95	383.03* [338.80-453.31]	189.73	0.94 [0.89-0.97]	<0.0001

based on PVT_{stand} and this needs to be taken into account when comparing the results to PVT_{stand}.

This quick three-minute PVT_{SR} could enable at-home long-term follow-up of impaired vigilance.

References

[1]. Lee, In-Soo, et al. "Number of lapses during the psychomotor vigilance task as an objective measure of fatigue." *Journal of clinical sleep medicine* 6.2 (2010): 163-168.

[2]. Grandner, Michael A., et al. "Addressing the need for validation of a touchscreen psychomotor vigilance task: important considerations for sleep health research." *Sleep health* 4.5 (2018): 387-389.

Acknowledgments

This work was funded by the European Union's Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation Programme (grant 965417), SleepRevolution, and the Research Committee of the Kuopio University Hospital Catchment Area for the State Research Funding (projects 5041767, 5041794, 5041805, and

5041803).

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*The difference of mean and median RT of PVT_{SR} was significantly higher (*p* <0.0001) compared to PVT_{stand} .

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